Dive No.	K 213	213		Date		2001/09/10	
PI	Name			Affiliation			
Japanese	金松 敏也			海洋科学技術センター深海研究部			
English	Toshiya Kanamatsu			Deep Sea Research Department JAMSTEC			
Specialty	Marine geology						
Purpose	The documentation of internal structure and rock types in the deep bench of the						
	Laupahoehoe is important to understand the formation process of submarine benches						
	of Hawaiian volcanoes, in comparison with the Hilina slump. These also may						
	provide the information of early stage of Kohala volcano.						
Area	Laupahoehoe, north flank of Kohala						
Site							
	Latitude	Longitude		Time		Depth	
Landing	20 °24.83' N	155°11.90' W		09:43		4467 m	
Leaving	20 °23.30' N	155°13.04' W		14:36		3320 m	
Dive Distance	3150 m Deepest			oint		4471m	
Dive summary	We landed at the water depth of 4471 m, in the foot of lower bench o						
	Laupahoehoe slump. Two dominant lithologies were identified during the diving:						
	lower sheets of olivine-rich picritic basalt, and upper finer-grain volcaniclastics. The						
	contact between both lithologies is unclear. The olivine basalt in the lower portion of						
	bench, shows vesicularity of about 10 %. Upper volcaniclastics are characterized by						
	volcanic breccia in sandy matrix.						
Payload	Nine sample baskets, four push cores						
Visual Records	VTR (Broadcasting grade), VTR(center, right & left), still camera						
Sample	Rock:27 smaples Push core: 4						
Video highlights	(1)11:35-11:38 (2) 11:50-11:53 (3) 13:48-13:50						
	Jointed rock Surface of sheet lava Volcanic breccia						
Key words	Laupahoehoe bench	Laupahoehoe bench,, Kohala,, picrite, volcaniclastic rocks					